③ It can't be true. 4 He deserves that.

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【試験場の注意:答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること】

[1]	次の対話文の()内に、①~④より最適と思うものを選びその番号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。
(1)	X: How was your interview at ABC pharmacy, Jane?
	Y: I tried my best. Finally, I was offered the job, but () It didn't seem that the interviewer tried
	to understand what I was like.
	X: That's too bad. I know you were looking forward to this opportunity.
	① I'm going to apply for it.
	② I do think I am suited for this position.
	③ I will gladly accept that offer.
	④ I'm having second thoughts about taking it.
(2)	X: Excuse me. I ().
	Y: Certainly, ma'am. We have many different types. Which would you like?
	X: I'm not sure. The one I have now makes my neck hurt.
	Y: It could be too hard. Try this one and tell me if it's as hard as yours.
	① would lie to get a new necklace.
	② want a new pillow for my bed.
	③ am looking for a new paintbrush.
	(4) need a new carpet for my hall.
(3)	X: Grandma, why do you and my mom argue all the time? You both are grown-ups, aren't you?
	Y: () Parents and children tend to disagree on things all their lives.
	X: I wish you two could learn to get along well with each other.
	① There shouldn't be any argument between you and us.
	② You should have known better than to argue with your mom.
	3 The time will come when parents will love peaceful lives.
	④ The fact that we're grown-ups has nothing to do with it.
(4)	X: Is Kennedy in trouble? I saw the boss called him in for a talk.
\ - /	Y: Actually, I heard the boss is going to take him out tonight and give him a promotion.
	X: () He's often late for the appointments, he is lazy, and he is very rude.
	① Congratulations on his promotion.
	② You are quite right.
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【試験場の注意:答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること】

(5)		ı forgot to contact Maria, didn't you?
	Y: ()
	X: She	e seldom answers her cell phone. You had better try to send her a text message.
	1	Actually, I called her and got her answering service.
	2	Oh, I forgot to call her.
	3	No, I have e-mailed her and have given her your message.
	4	I ran into her the other day and confirmed with her.
(6)	X: Hel	lo. This is my first visit to this library. I'd like to borrow some books for my research paper.
	Y: I se	e. We can lend you up to five books at a time. (
	X: Tha	ank you, before that, I'll check for them on your computer.
	Y: Sur	e. Go ahead.
	1	How many books have you borrowed?
	2	You can look them up on this system.
	3	Are these the books you would like?
	4	Would you fill in this form?
(7)	X: I'm	Yuri Ohtani. I'd like to reserve a round-trip flight to Los Angeles on February 21.
	Y: Of	course. ()
	X: No,	I'll be staying at my aunt's place. Please charge all airline costs to my credit card you have on file.
	Y: OK	, I'll set that up for you.
	1	Shall I offer you a return ticket?
	2	Will you be staying with relatives?
	3	And how long will you be staying?
	4	Will you need a hotel as well?

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) over \$50 million.

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【試験場の注意:答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること】
【2】次の()内に、[①~④]より最適と思うものを選びその番号を解答用紙に記入しなさい。
(1) Yoko's dream is to become a writer. She wants to be like her favorite (), who has written over 3 best-
selling novels.
[① astronaut ② accountant ③ author ④ attorney]
(2) It is easy to get around in big cities, such as Tokyo and Osaka, because they have () of trains and buses.
[① struggles ② recordings ③ networks ④ purposes]
(3) X: What do you think of your new high school, Nancy?
Y: It's great, Mr. Smith. I like it better than my () school.
[① structure ② baggage ③ previous ④ appropriate]
(4) When the police found the criminal in an old building, they approached him ().
[① partially ② temporary ③ regionally ④ cautiously]
(5) There are very few houses in the south part of the city. It is an () area filled with factories and warehouses.
[① hygiene ② emergency ③ industrial ④ environmental]
(6) Having a part-time job is good for Shohei because he needs extra money to spend, but one () is that he
cannot hang around with his friends on weekends.
[① baggage ② disadvantage ③ structure ④ lecture]
(7) The singer's () only lasted a few months. After radio stations stopped playing the band's songs, people
soon forgot about him.
[① fame ② shade ③ area ④ origin]
(8) There are various ways to help people (). For example, you can give money, clothes, or food to people
who don't have enough.
[① on end ② in need ③ by heart ④ of use]
(9) A big tree had fallen on the train line to Shiretoko. Passengers traveling there had to take buses () of trains
until the problem was fixed.
[① in place ② on behalf ③ for fear ④ to avoid]

(10) The storm caused great damage to the town. The cost to repair all the damage (

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【試験場の注意:答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること】

【3】日本語を参考に [] 内の語(句)を正しく並べ、空所(1)~(12)に入るべき語(句)の番号を解答欄に記入しなさい。ただし(7)の語句に関しては文頭にくる語も小文字にしてある。
(1) その庭の花はジョンによって育てられている。
The flowers in the garden () (1) () (2) () ().
[① John ② care ③ by ④ are ⑤ of ⑥ taken]
(2)ここでタバコを吸ってもいいですか。
()()(3)(4)()()here?
[① smoke ② I ③ if ④ do ⑤ mind ⑥ you]
(3) 道子は赤い壁の家に住んでいる。
Michiko () () (5) (6) () red.
[① walls ② are ③ in ④ whose ⑤ lives ⑥ the house]
(4)トムは必ず約束を守る。
Tom (7)()(8)()()().
[① fails ② promise ③ never ④ his ⑤ keep ⑥to]
(5) クリスは一等賞を取ると確信している。
Chris () (9) () (10) () ().
[① winning ② prize ③ sure ④ first ⑤ of ⑥ is]
(6)智子は 10 時までに帰宅するという条件で外出を許された。
Tomoko was allowed (11) () () () (12) () she comes home by 10.
[① the condition ② out ③ on ④ that ⑤ go ⑥ to]
(7)そのコンピューターを修理してもらうのに 50 ドルかかった。
It()()(13)()(14)()。
[① get ② to ③ fixed ④ the computer ⑤ fifty dollars ⑥ cost]

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【試験場の注意:答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること】

[4] Read the following passage "Sugi and Hayfever In Japan" and answer the questions $[(1)\sim(6)]$.

After a long cold winter, many people look forward to spring's warm sun. Unfortunately, this season also brings an unwanted guest - a heavy production of pollen. According to recent statistics, one in every three people in Japan suffers from hay fever. Historically, Japanese didn't suffer so greatly from this problem. In fact, since the 1980s, the rate of Japanese hay fever sufferers has jumped 300 percent. Have people become weaker in modern times, or is there something else responsible for this large increase?

During world war 2, many <u>naturally occurring</u> trees were cut down for equipment, leaving bare mountains all over the country. After the war, there was a need for a fast growing, insect resistant tree which could grow almost anywhere. Lumber companies found that the best candidate for this was the Japanese cedar tree known as 'sugi'. In time, this tree turned out to be so successful that, according to Japan's Forestry Agency, they now make up around 40 percent of the country's forests.

However, planners did not predict what was to happen 30 years later. The sugi tree is not only a great grower in our mountains, it is also a great producer of pollen. When the tree matures, it dumps large amounts which the wind blows all over the country. According to allergy researchers, this is a major reason for the sudden increase in hay fever sufferers from the 1980s to this present.

To combat this, the Japanese government has decided on measures designed to reduce the clouds of cedar pollen that create the symptoms people with hay fever suffer from every spring. Such measures include cutting down sugi which are nearer to high population areas and replanting them with less impactful varieties. The government will also use subsidies to encourage homebuilders to use large amounts of sugi for housing materials. In order to process all those trees, foreign workers will be brought in as temporary workers to help.

There are also plans to promote research into easing the impact of allergies through immunotherapy and to increase the production of anti-allergy drugs to aid in preventing allergic reactions. Japan will double the output of such medication from 250,000 people per year to 500,000 people per year. Furthermore it will encourage people to begin preventative treatment before pollen season starts, to lessen the severity of hayfever.

[Questions] Write the number you think is correct in the answer sheet.

- (1) Which of the following statements is true?
 - ① Hay fever has been on the decline since the 1980s
 - ② Builders will get government assistance when using cedar trees
 - 3 Many trees were planted during World War 2
 - 4 Non-Japanese will not be required for tree harvesting

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【試験場の注意:答えはすべて解答用紙に記入すること

- (2) Which of the following statements is NOT true?
 - 1 The 'sugi' tree is well suited for growing in the mountains of Japan
 - 2 Japan will encourage allergy sufferers to start taking medication earlier
 - 3 The 'sugi' tree represents under half of Japanese forests
 - 4 They will use the harvested land to build more houses
- (3) In the sentence: 'Many <u>naturally occurring</u> trees were cut down for equipment, leaving bare mountains all over the country." the words 'naturally occurring' could be replaced with:
 - 1 fast growing
 - ② native
 - ③ strong
 - 4 locally groomed
- (4) Many cedar trees were planted because
 - 1 They need to prepare for war
 - 2 They made the mountains beautiful
 - 3 They are great producers of pollen
 - 4 They grow quickly
- (5) The main idea of this passage is:
 - 1) We need to get rid of the cedar tree
 - 2 The government is making new medicine for us
 - 3 Many people suffer from pollen allergies
 - 4 There are plans to lessen the severity of hay fever
- (6) What is the most appropriate title for the passage?
 - ① Hay Fever and the Sugi Tree
 - 2 We Are Suffering from Allergies
 - ③ What Should We Do About Hay Fever
 - (4) The Government Plans to Plant More Trees